

## **MOTHER TERESA WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY**

KODAIKANAL – 624 102

# MCA

(Two – Years) (EFFECTIVE FROM JUNE 2020-2021 ONWARDS)

Insupad

## **Master of Computer Applications (MCA)**

## **About MCA**

**Master of Computer Applications (MCA)** is a two year professional postgraduate programme for candidates wanting to delve deeper into the world of computer application development. The programme is a blend of both theoretical and practical knowledge. The course objective of MCA is to provide a steady stream of necessary knowledge, skills and foundation needed to meet out the rewarding career requirements in this growing world of Information Technology.

The idea behind offering MCA programme is to equip students with the latest tools, technologies, and applications in IT to make them stand out from the crowd in the IT industry. Ultimately the Masters in Computer Application is a senior level course that prepares professionals to meet the complex demands of the IT industry. Curricula would focus on learning aspect from various dimensions; Conceptual Learning, Skills based Learning and Practical / Hands exposure

A candidate with a master's degree in computer applications along with the relevant work experience, skill set and caliber can easily find great job opportunities at leading IT industries (both private and government) across India and abroad. As a positive impact of this programme, the students would inherit the ability to practice and develop softwares for interpretation and analysis of data and to use the concepts, techniques, skills, and modern Software tools necessary for software Development for various applications.

## MCA 2 Years

S.No	SUBJECT	D	istr	on of		
			]	Iour	s	
	I Year	L	Т	Р	Total	Total
O					Hours	Credits
Semester I	Out & Data Othersteiner	2	1	0	4	1
PCA20111	C++ & Data Structures	3		0	4	4
PCA20112	Computer Science	3	I	0	4	4
PCA20T13	Operating System	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20T14	Digital Principles and Computer	3	1	0	4	4
	Organization					
PCA20E15	Elective – I	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20P16	Data Structures using C++ Lab	0	0	5	5	3
PCA20P17	R Programming Lab	0	0	5	5	3
					30	26
Semester II						
PCA20T21	Programming in JAVA	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20T22	Software Engineering	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20T23	Database Management System	3	1	0	4	
PCA20T24	Computer Networks	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20E25	Elective – II	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20P26	Java Programming Lab	0	0	5	5	3
PCA20P27	DBMS Lab	0	0	5	5	2
PCA20P28	Mini Project	0	0	0	0	1
					30	26
	II Year					
Semester II	I					
PCA20T31	Web Technology	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20T32	Data Mining	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20T33	Machine Learning Techniques	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20T34	Digital Image Processing	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20E35	Elective – III	3	1	0	4	4
PCA20P36	Web Technology Lab	0	0	5	5	3
PCA20P37	Python Programming Lab	0	0	5	5	3
					30	26

Semester IV	7	r Project 0 0				
PCA20P41	Major Project	0	0	24	24	12
	Total CredIts				90	

#### **MOOC Courses with Extra Credits:**

PCA20MC1	MOOC Course - I	0	0	0	0	1
PCA20MC2	MOOC Course – II	0	0	0	0	1

## ElectIve I Papers

Des Ign and Analysis of Algorithms

- 1. Multimedia Systems
- 2. Open Source Technology
- 3. Microprocessor & Assembly Language Programming
- 4. Network Security

## **Elective II Papers**

- 1.Resource Management Techniques(Operation Research)
- 2.Artificial Intelligence
- 3. Bigdata Analytics
- 4. Object Oriented Analysis and Design
- 5. Cloud Computing

#### **Elective III Papers**

- 1. Soft Computing
- 2. Deep Learning Techniques
- 3. Internet of Things
- 4. Mobile Computing
- 5. Python Programming



#### **PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)**

- 1. Identify and analyze the computing requirements of a problem and to solve those using computing principles.
- 2. Understand and Apply mathematical foundation, computing and domain knowledge for the conceptualization of computing model of problems.
- 3. Use suitable architecture or platform on design and implementation with respect to performance.
- 4. Apply the management principles with computing knowledge to manage the projects in multidisciplinary environments.
- 5. Identify opportunities and use innovative ideas to create value and wealth for the betterment of the individual and society.
- 6. Expertise in developing application with required domain knowledge

#### **PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES**

- **PSO1:** Understand the Opportunities and Challenges in Industry and to equip the students accordingly
- **PSO2:** Apply effectively the principles and methods of Computer Technology to a wide range of applications.
- **PSO3:** Apply advanced algorithmic and mathematical concepts to the design and analysis of software.
- **PSO4:** Get proficiency of computing, and to prepare themselves for a continued professional development.

PCA20T11	C+	C++ & DATA STRUCTURES										
	Semester I	Credits:4	Hours: 4									
Cognitive	K1: Recall											
Level	K2: Understand											
	K3: Apply											
	K4: Analyse											
	5											
Objectives	1. To learn the syntax and semantics of the C++ programming											
	language.											
	2. To provide an insi	ight into inheritance, v	virtual functions,									
	polymorphism an	d Exception Handling.										
	3. To implement dyr	namic binding and Exc	ception Handling									
	mechanisms.											
	4. To be familiar wit	h linear and non-linea	r data structures									
	concept											

## SEMESTER I

## UNIT-I

Introduction to Object Oriented Programming – C++ comments – Classes: somedifferencebetweenCandC ++ - introducing function Overloading- constructor and Destructor function –constructors take parameters – introducing inheritance – Object pointers – in linefunctions – Automatic in line

## UNIT-II

**Assigning Object** – passing Object to function – returning Object from Functions – an introduction to friend – arrays of objects – using pointers to objects – using new and delete – references – passing references to object – returning references – independent references and restrictions

## UNIT-III

**Overloading constructor functions** – creating and using a copy constructor – using default arguments – Overloading and ambiguity –finding the address of an overloading function –overloading binary operators – overloading the Unary operators – using friend operators functions - Pointers

Creating your own manipulators – file I/O basis – unformed ,binary I/O –more unformatted I/O functions – random access – checking the I/o status – customized I/O and I/O and files – pointers and derived classes – introducing to virtual functions – applying polymorphism- Exception handling.

## UNIT IV:

**Linear data structure** – concept and terminology – storage – structure for arrays – stacks – definition , operation – application of stack – recursion – polish expression – polish notation – queues – linked linear list – circular linked – double linear list.

**Non linear data structure** – trees – threaded binary trees – definition and concepts of binary trees – representation of binary trees –tree traversals.

#### UNIT – V:

**Sorting Techniques** : Bubble sort – selection sort – insertion sort – shell sort – merge sort – radix sort – topological sort – heap sort - **Searching Techniques** : Sequential search – binary search – binary tree search – analysis of searching algorithms – comparison of search algorithm.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Herbert " teach your selfc++", III edition , tata McGraw hill 5 th reprint 2000
- 2. Alfred V. Aho ,John E. Hopcroft and Jeffrey .D Ullmap "Data Structure and Algorithms", Addison Wesley.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. S.Sahni , "Data Structure and Algorithms and Application in C++" McGrawHill, 1998.
- 2. Mark Allen Weiss, -Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 1996
- 3. Robert Kruse, C.L.Tondo, Bruce Leung, Shashi Mogalla, Data Structures and Program Design in C, Second Edition, Pearson Education, 2007

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:

**CO1:** Optimize the programming code with the help of Object oriented approach

K1	
<b>CO2:</b> Choose appropriate data structures to represent data items in real v	vorld
problems	K2
<b>CO3:</b> Analyze the time and space complexities of algorithms	K4
<b>CO4:</b> Write the code for a large program after overcoming the time and sp	ace
complexity.	КЗ
<b>CO5:</b> Analyze and implement various searching and sorting techniques	K4

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	S	М	М	М	M	М	S	S	М
CO2	S	S	M	S	М	S	M	S	S	S
CO3	S	S	М	М	М	S	М	S	М	S
CO4	М	S	М	S	М	S	M	S	S	S
C05	S	М	S	S	М	M	М	М	S	S
	S	– Stroi	ngly Con	rrelating	g	M- Mod	erately	Correla	ting	1

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

PCA20T12	MATHEMATICAL	FOUNDATION OF CON	MPUTER SCIENCE
	Semester I	Credits:4	Hours: 4
Cognitive	K2: Understand		
Level	K3: Apply		
	K4: Analyse		
Objectives	<ol> <li>To impart basic : Science</li> <li>To familiarize with relations and demo operations.</li> <li>To inculcate logical knowledge</li> <li>To solve mathemat mathematical proo</li> </ol>	foundation of mather the basic terminology on onstrate knowledge of t I thinking and promote ical problems, apply va f and communicate sol	natics for Computer of functions, heir associated e arithmetic arious methods of autions in writing.

## UNIT-I

**LOGIC:** IF Statements – Connectives – Atomic and Compound Statements – WFF – Truth Table of a Formula – Tautology – Tautological Implications and Equivalence of Formulae.

## UNIT-II

**NORMAL FORMS**: Principal Normal Forms – Theory of Inference – Open Statements – Quantifiers – Valid Formulae and Equivalence – Theory of Inference for Predicate Calculus.

## UNIT-III

**GRAPH THEORY**: Basic Concepts – Matrix representation of Graphs: Trees: Definition – Spanning Trees – Rooted Trees – Binary Trees

## UNIT-IV

**FORMAL LANGUAGES:** Four class of grammars(phase structure, context sensitive, context free, regular) context free language – generation trees. Finite Automata: Representation of FA – Acceptability of a string by FA – Non deterministic FA (NDFA) - Acceptability of a string by NDFA. Equivalence of FA and NDFA – procedure for finding FA ~ NDFA.

#### UNIT-V

**LATTICES AND BOOLEAN ALGEBRA:** Lattices – properties – new lattices – modular and distribution lattices. Boolean algebra: Boolean polynomials – switching circuits.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

 Discrete Mathematics – M.K.Venkatraman, N.Sridharan, N.Chandrasekaran, The National Publishing Company,2001. Chapters 9.1-9.56, 11.1-11.81, 12.1-12.20, 12.43-12.61, 7.1-7.39,7.48-7.53,10.1-10.42,10.71 460

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Modern Algebra by S.Arumugam & A.Thangapandi Issac, New Gamma Publishing House, Palayamkottai(for Units I,III)
- 2. Invitation to Graph Theory by S.Arumugam and S.Ramachandran, Scitech Publications, Chennai.(for Units IV, V)

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, student shall be able to: **CO1:** Understand the complexity of computational problems **K2 CO2:** Think about the design of formal language which would be able to address any real time problem and improve the working flow of computational models. **K4** 

**CO3:** Use tree and graph algorithms to solve problems **K3** 

CO4: Evaluate Boolean functions and simplify expressions using the properties of Boolean algebra K4

**CO5:** Solve mathematical problems, apply various methods of mathematical proof and communicate solutions in writing. **K3** 

CO/ PO	<b>PO</b> 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
<b>CO1</b>	S	S	М	Μ	М	М	S	M	Μ	М
CO2	S	S	s	М	М	М	S	S	м	м
CO3	м	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	М	М	М	М	М	S	М	М
CO5	М	S	Μ	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

#### MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

PCA20T13	OPERATING SYSTEM								
	Semester I Credits:4 Hours: 4								
Cognitive	K2: Understand								
Level	K3: Apply								
	K4: Analyse								
Objectives	1. To understand the basic concepts and working								
	procedure of various Operating Systems.								
	2. To use the computer system resources in an efficient								
	way.								
	3. To facilitate with effective development and								
	implementation of new system functions.								
	4. Mastering in various process management concepts								
	including scheduling, synchronization and deadlocks.								

## UNIT-I

Introduction - Evolution of Operating Systems, Types of operating systems.

**Process Management:** Processes—States & Life cycle of process, Schedulers, Context Switching, Process scheduling policies—Preemptive vs. Non-preemptive, CPU scheduling algorithms, Inter-process Communication (IPC) Mechanisms— Concurrent processes, Process synchronization, Critical Section, Semaphores.

## UNIT-II

**Deadlock**—Basic causes of deadlock, Conditions for deadlock, resource allocation graph, Wait for graph, Strategies for handling deadlocks, Starvation, deadlock avoidance & detection, Safe state, Dijikstra's Banker's Algorithm.

## UNIT-III

**Memory Management:** Main Memory, Static & Dynamic Partition schemes, multiple partitions schemes, Fragmentation, Compaction, Contiguous Memory Allocation, Paging, Structure of the Page Table, Segmentation, Virtual Memory: Demand Paging, Thrashing.

#### UNIT-IV

Device management – Techniques for Device Management – Dedicated, Shared and Virtual Device – Virtual Systems – Design of Spooling System – OS Security – Security Measures and Cryptography

#### UNIT-V

Case Studies: DOS, UNIX and WINDOWS Operating Systems

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, "Operating System Concepts", Eighth Edition, 2009, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. Reading Chapters: 1-15 & 19-22 (excluding chapters: 16, 17, 18, and 23).
- 2. Stuart E. Madnick John J. donovan, Operating Systems, McGraw-Hill

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Harvey M. Deitel, Paul J. Deitel, David R. Choffnes, "Operating Systems", Third Edition, 2004, Pearson Education Inc., New Delhi.
- Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Modern Operating Systems", Third Edition, 2008, PHI Course Pvt. Ltd., / Pearson Education Inc., New Delhi.
- 3. RamezElmasri, A. G. Carrick, David Levine, "Operating Systems: A Spiral Approach", First Edition, 2009, McGraw-Hill Education (India), New Delhi.
- 4. Ann McIver Hoes and Ida M. Flynn, "Understanding Operating Systems", Fifth Edition, 2009, CENGAGE Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- Gary Nutt, "Operating Systems", 3rdEdition, 2004, Pearson Education Inc., New Delhi.

 William Stallings, "Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles", Sixth Edition, 2009, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., / Pearson Education Inc., New Delhi.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, student shall be able to:

CO1: Understand the fundamental components of a computer operating system. **K2** 

CO2: Have a Knowledge about the usage of resources in Computer System and process management system **K2** 

CO3: Familiarize the policies for scheduling, deadlocks, memory management, synchronization, system calls and file systems. **K2,K4** 

CO4: Aware about the Security Measures and Cryptography techniques in OS **K2** CO5: Expertise to Configure Personal Computer with necessary resources **K3** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	S	М	М	М	М	S	М	М	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	M	S	М	S	M	M	S	М	S	M
CO4	S	S	М	М	М	Μ	М	S	М	Μ
CO5	M	S	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

PCA20T14	DIGITAL PRINCIE	PLES AND COMPUTER	R ORGANIZATION
	Semester I	Credits:4	Hours: 4
Cognitive	K2: Understand		
Level	K3: Apply		
	K4: Analyse		
Objectives	<ol> <li>To learn the orgation components.</li> <li>To understand the building blocks.</li> </ol>	nization of a compute function of compute	ter and its principle r hardware and their
	<ul><li>3. To understand and to digital design</li><li>4. To understand the</li></ul>	d appreciate Boolean hardware components	algebraic expressions

## UNIT – I

**Introduction to computers**: Number System – Data types – Data Representations – Fixed point, floating point, Gray, Excess – Alphanumeric codes – Binary codes – Error Detection codes.

## UNIT – II

**Arithmetic logic unit:** Binary Half Adder, Full adder and their Designs – Positive and Negative Numbers, Binary Addition & subtraction Using 1s,2s,9s complements, binary Multiplication.

## UNIT – III

**MEMORY UNIT**: Classification of memory: primary – secondary – cache memory – Associate memory – virtual memory – RAM, ROM

**CONTROL UNIT**: General Register Organization, Stack Organization, instruction formats, Addressing modes- Data Transfer and Manipulation instruction.

## UNIT – IV

**I/O Devices**: punched tape, Tape Recorders, Punched Cards, Card readers – Printers – CRT Devices – Digital to Analog Converters, Analog to Digital Converters.

#### $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Introduction to parallel processing – parallelism in Uniprocessor System – parallel Computer Structure.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Albert Paul Malvino, Donald P. Leach – Digital Principles and Applications McGraw hill

2. M. Morris Mano - Computer System architecture, prentice Hall of India.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Thomas C. Bartee - Digital Computer Fundamentals, McGraw Hill.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to: **CO1:** Understand the processing of Computer and the function of Memory and its types **K2 CO2:** Know about the function and organization of Input Output devices **K2 CO3:** Understand the digital representation of data in a computer system **K2 CO4:** Identify, understand and apply different number systems and codes **K3 CO5:** Understand computer arithmetic formulate and solve problems **K3, K4** 

CO/ PO	<b>PO</b> 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	M	S	Μ	Μ	M	M	M	M	S
CO2	S	Μ	S	Μ	Μ	Μ	Μ	Μ	Μ	S
CO3	S	Μ	S	Μ	Μ	Μ	Μ	S	Μ	S
CO4	S	S	S	Μ	S	Μ	Μ	S	Μ	S
CO5	M	S	Μ	S	S	М	Μ	S	S	М

#### MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

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**M- Moderately Correlating** 

PCA20P16	DATA STRUCTURE USING C++ LAB										
-	Semester I Credits:2 Hours: 3										
Objectives	<ol> <li>To understand express it preci</li> <li>To identify the relationships.</li> <li>To implement efficiently.</li> <li>Able to genera applications with</li> </ol>	a software develop sely. objects of a system t a module str te a design which	ment problem and m and to establish their ructure this executes a can be converted into								

## LIST OF PROGRAMS

- 1. Classes and objects.
- 2. Methods
- 3. Inheritance
- 4. Interfaces
- 5. Strings
- 6. Exceptions
- 7. Packages and visibility issues.
- 8. Using the AWT
- 9. Applets
- 10. Threads
- 11. Link List
- 12. Communications

PCA20P17	R PROGRAMMING LAB										
	Semester I	Credits:2	Hours: 3								
Objectives	<ol> <li>To provides the</li> <li>To use R for sin</li> <li>To extended R I</li> <li>To develop R Pr</li> <li>To data explor</li> <li>Functions.</li> </ol>	knowledge to Install I nple programming tas Libraries and Package ograms using Loop Co ation in R programs	R Programming. ks. s onstructs using Mathematical								

## **LIST OF PROGRAMES**

1. Write a R program to take input from the user (name and age) and display the values. Also print the version of R installation.

**2.** Write a R program to get the details of the objects in memory.

**3.** Write a R program to create a sequence of numbers from 20 to 50 and find the mean of numbers from 20 to 60 and sum of numbers from 51 to 91.

**4.** Write a R program to create a vector which contains 10 random integer values between -50 and +50.

**5.** Write a R program to get the first 10 Fibonacci numbers.

**6.** Write a R program to get all prime numbers up to a given number (based on the sieve of Eratosthenes).

**7.** Write a R program to print the numbers from 1 to 100 and print "Fizz" for multiples of 3, print "Buzz" for multiples of 5, and print "FizzBuzz" for multiples of both.

**8.** Write a R program to extract first 10 English letter in lower case and last 10 letters in upper case and extract letters between 22<sup>nd</sup> to 24<sup>th</sup> letters in upper case.

**9.** Write a R program to find the factors of a given number.

**10.** Write a R program to find the maximum and the minimum value of a given vector.

**11.** Write a R program to get the unique elements of a given string and unique numbers of vector.

**12.** Write a R program to create three vectors a,b,c with 3 integers. Combine the three vectors to become a  $3 \times 3$  matrix where each column represents a vector. Print the content of the matrix.

**13.** Write a R program to create a list of random numbers in normal distribution and count occurrences of each value.

**14.** Write a R program to read the .csv file and display the content. **15.** Write a R program to create three vectors numeric data, character data and logical data. Display the content of the vectors and their type.

**16.** Write a R program to create a 5 x 4 matrix , 3 x 3 matrix with labels and fill the matrix by rows and  $2 \times 2$  matrix with labels and fill the matrix by columns.

**17.** Write a R program to create an array, passing in a vector of values and a vector of dimensions. Also provide names for each dimension.

**18.** Write a R program to create an array with three columns, three rows, and two "tables", taking two vectors as input to the array. Print the array.

**19.** Write a R program to create a list of elements using vectors, matrices and a functions. Print the content of the list.

**20.** Write a R program to draw an empty plot and an empty plot specify the axes limits of the graphic.

**21.** Write a R program to create a simple bar plot of five subjects marks. **22.** Write a R program to create bell curve of a random normal distribution.

**23.** Write a R program to compute sum, mean and product of a given vector elements.

**24.** Write a R program to create a list of heterogeneous data, which include character, numeric and logical vectors. Print the lists.

**25.** Write a R program to create a Dataframes which contain details of 5 employees and display the details.

**26.** Write a R program to create a Data Frames which contain details of 5 employees and display summary of the data.

**27.** Write a R program to create the system's idea of the current date with and without time.

#### **SEMESTER II**

PCA20T21	PROGRAMMING IN JAVA										
	Semester II	Credits:4	Hours: 4								
Cognitive Level	<ul><li>K2: Understand</li><li>K3: Apply</li><li>K4: Analyse</li></ul>										
Objectives	<ol> <li>To understand programming langu</li> <li>To use the Java S simple Java progra</li> <li>To develop an engin</li> <li>To develop software</li> </ol>	the object-oriented aage. DK environment to c ms. neering approach to se e with Java programm	paradigm in Java reate, debug and run olve problems. ing language.								

#### UNIT-I

**INTRODUCTION**-Literal-Data types-The structure of a Java Program - operators - Control statements - Arrays – Classes.

#### UNIT-II

Mathematical & String function – Inheritance-Interfaces and packages-Exception handling.

#### UNIT-III

Input and Output classes-Threads-Applets.

#### UNIT-IV

**GRAPHICS PROGRAMMING WITH AWT**-Event Handling- Windowing- Menus-Dialog -Swings.

#### UNIT-V

**CLIENT-SERVER ARCHITECTURE**-JDBC Introduction-Java database Connectivity-Simple JDBC application-Servelets-JSP.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Herbet schildt, The complete Reference-Java2, 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill 2001 (Unit 3,4&5)
- 2. Dr.k.Somasundram."Programming in Java2", Jaico Publishing house-2008
- 3. Er.V.k.Jain , Programming Java Server pages &Servlets-Dream tech press 2000.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- **1.** Steven Holzer, JAVA 2 Swing Servlets, JDBC, Java beans Programming, Dream Tech press Revised Edition.
- 2. Jaime jaworski, Java 2 Platform Unleashed, Techmedia.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:CO1: Design, create, build and debug Java applications and applets K3, K3& K5CO2: Write programs using OOPs concept, graphical user interface (GUI)components and Java's Event Handling ModelCO3: Solve inter-disciplinary applications using the concept of inheritanceK3 & K4CO4: Apply JDBC to provide a program level interface for communicating withdatabase using lava programmingK3

database using Java programming	ns
<b>CO5:</b> Develop software with Java programming language	K3

CO/ PO	<b>PO</b> 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	М	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	S
CO2	М	S	S	М	М	S	М	S	S	Μ
CO3	М	М	М	S	S	М	S	М	М	S
CO4	М	М	М	S	S	М	М	S	S	Μ
CO5	М	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	S	S

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

PCA20T22	SO	SOFTWARE ENGINEERING										
	Semester II	Credits:4	Hours: 4									
Cognitive	K2: Understand											
Level	K3: Apply											
	K4: Analyse											
Objectives	<ol> <li>To understand the construction of effe</li> <li>To understand the and control of softw</li> <li>To identify, formula problems using a w</li> <li>To demonstrate the leader/ Software An</li> </ol>	concepts and method ctive Software. issues affecting the or vare. te, and solve software ell-defined engineerir ability to work effect nalyst in professional	s required for the rganization, planning e engineering ng process ively as a team environments.									

## UNIT-I

**INTRODUCTION:** Evolution and impact of Software Engineering, Socio-technical Systems, Critical Systems, Software Processes, and Software Life cycle Models, Software Project Management.

## UNIT-II

**REQUIREMENTS & SPECIFICATION:** Software Requirements, Requirements Engineering Processes, Feasibility study, Requirements analysis and specification, System Models, Critical System Specification, Formal Specification.

#### UNIT-III

**DESIGN AND ANALYSIS ASPECTS:** Architectural Design – Cohesion and coupling, Abstraction, Data flow Oriented Design, Distributed Systems Architecture, Application Architectures, Object-Oriented Design, Real-time Software Design, User Interface Design and Usability Engineering. Implementation and Testing: Verification and validation, Software Testing, Critical Systems validation.

#### UNIT-IV

**SOFTWARE RELIABILITY AND QUALITY MANAGEMENT**: Musa's Reliability Model, Managing People, Software Cost Estimation- COCOMO Model, Quality Management, Process Improvement, Configuration Management, Software Maintenance.

#### UNIT-V

**MODERN TRENDS AND EMERGING TECHNOLOGIES:** Humphrey's Capability Maturity Model, CMMI(Capability Maturity Model Integration), Agile software development, Extreme Programming (XP), Security Engineering, Service-oriented Software Engineering, Aspect-oriented Software Development.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

**1.** Rajimmall, "Fundamentals of Software Engineering", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,2007, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. New Delhi.

2. Ian Sommerville, "Software Engineering", 8th Edition,2007, Pearson Education Inc., New Delhi.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- **1.** Roger S.Pressman, "Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach", 7<sup>th</sup> International Edition, McGraw-Hill Education(Asia), Singapore.
- 2. Shari Lawrence P Fleeger, Joanne M. Atlee, "Software Engineering", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition(2006), Pearson Education ,Inc. New Delhi
- 3. Ben Shneiderman, Catherine Plaisant, "Designing the User Interface: Strategies for Effective Human-Computer Interaction", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition (2006), Pearson Education, Inc. New Delhi.
- 4. Pankaj Jalote, "Software Engineering", First Edition, 2009, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- 5. Dines Bjorner, "Software Engineering: Volume-1, Volume-2 & Volume-3", Springer India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:

<b>CO1:</b> Understands the process to be followed in the software development life	cycle
К2	
<b>CO2:</b> Find practical solutions to the problems <b>K4</b>	
<b>CO3:</b> Adapt the basic software engineering methods and practices in their	
appropriate applications K3	
<b>CO4:</b> Distinguish the various software process models <b>K4</b>	

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	S	М	М	М	М	М	S	М	М
CO2	М	S	М	Μ	S	Μ	S	Μ	Μ	М
CO3	S	S	М	S	Μ	Μ	Μ	S	Μ	M
CO4	S	М	S	Μ	Μ	Μ	Μ	S	Μ	Μ
CO5	S	М	S	М	Μ	S	S	Μ	Μ	S

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating M- Moderately Correlating

PCA20T23	DATABA	DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS											
	Semester II	Credits:4	Hours: 4										
Cognitive	K2: Understand												
Level	K3: Apply												
	K4: Analyse												
	K6: Create	K6: Create											
Objectives	<ol> <li>To Learn and predictionship and details.</li> <li>To understand the stand and the stand and the stand and the stand atabase.</li> <li>To inculcate the atabase.</li> </ol>	ractice data modelin evelop database design use of Structured Qu lization techniques bility to design and i	ng using the entity- ns. ery Language (SQL). to standardize the implement a database										
	schema for real tim	ie problem											

#### UNIT-I

**INTRODUCTION:** Database System Applications – Purpose of Database Systems – View of Data – Database Languages – Relational Databases – Database Design – Object based and semi Structured databases – Data Storage and Querying – Database Users and Administrators – Transaction Management – Database users and Architectures – History of database System.

**ENTITY-RELATIONAL MODEL:** E-R model – Constraints – E-R diagrams – E-R design issues – Weak Entity Sets – Extended E-R Features.

#### UNIT-II

**RELATIONAL DATABASE DESIGN:** Features of Good Relational Designs – Atomic domains and First Normal Form – Decomposition using Functional Dependencies – Functional Dependency Theory – Decomposition using Functional – Decomposition using multivalued dependencies – more Normal Forms – Database Design Process – Modeling temporal data.

#### UNIT-III

**DATABASE SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE:** Centralized and Client-Server Architecture – Server System Architecture – Parallel Systems – Distributed Systems – Network types.

**PARALLEL DATABASES**: I/O parallelism – Interquery Parallelism – Intraquery Parallelism.

DISTRIBUTED DATABASES: Homogeneous and Heterogeneous databases -Distributed Data Storage - Distributed Transactions - Distributed Query Processing.

#### **UNIT-IV**

SCHEME OBJECTS: Data Integrity - Creating and Maintaining Tables - Indexes -Sequences - Views - Users Privileges and Roles - Synonyms.

#### UNIT-V

PL/SQL: PL/SQL - Triggers - Stored Procedures and Functions - Package -Cursors - Transactions.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth & Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts ", 5th Ed., McGraw Hill International Edition, 2006.
- 2. Jose A.Ramalho Learn ORACLE 8i BPB Publications 2003.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Philip J.Pratt, Joseph J Adamski, "Database Management Systems", Cengage Learning, 2009.
- 2. RameezElmasri, Shamkant B.Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", 5th Ed., Pearson Education, 2009.
- **3.** Arun K Majumdar, Pritimoy Bhattacharyya, "Database Management Systems", TMH, 2009.
- 4. ISRD group, "Introduction to Database Management Systems", TMH, 2008.
- 5. Raghu Ramakrishnan, Johannes Gehrke, "Database Management Systems", McGraw Hill International Edition, 2003.
- 6. Ramon A Mata-Toledo, Pauline K Cushman, "Database Management Systems", TMH, 2008.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:

- **CO1:** Understand the use of Structured Query Language (SQL) K2
- **CO2:** Create E/R models from application descriptions. K3

**CO3:** Apply normalization techniques to standardize the database. K3 & K4 **K6** 

**CO4:** Design and implement a database system for real time problem

**CO5:** Create databases in an RDBMS and enforce data integrity constraints and queries using SQL **K6** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	М	S	Μ	М	S	М	S	М	М
CO2	М	М	М	S	S	Μ	S	Μ	Μ	S
CO3	М	М	Μ	S	S	S	S	Μ	S	S
CO4	М	М	S	S	S	S	S	Μ	S	S
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	S	Μ	S	S

### MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

PCA20T24	COMPUTER NETWORKS										
	Semester II	Credits:4	Hours: 4								
Cognitive	K2: Understand										
Level	K3: Apply										
	K4: Analyse										
	K5: Evaluate										
Objectives	1. To describe and analyze the hardware, software components of a network and their interrelations.										
	2. To learn and analyze the datalink, network, and transport layer protocols										
	3. To design and impler within a simulated n	nent datalink or netwo etworking environmer	ork layer protocols nt								
	4. To use Data Commu	nication system along	with its components.								

## UNIT-I

**INTRODUCTION TO DATA COMMUNICATIONS AND NETWORKING:** Evolution of Computer Networks, General Principles of Network Design: Topologies, Network Models (ISO-OSI, TCP/IP), Network Architecture & Standardization (IEEE802.x).

#### UNIT-II

**PHYSICAL LAYER:** Theoretical Basis for Data Communication-Data, Throughput, Bandwidth, Bit rate, Baud Rate, Data Rate measurement – Multiplexing, Transmission Media (Guided Media, Unguided Media: Wireless), Switching (Circuit, Message, Packet).

#### UNIT-III

**DATA LINK LAYER:** Data Link Layer Design Issues, Error detection and Correction, Data Link Control, Elementary Data Link Protocols, Network devices: Repeater, Hubs, Bridges, Switches, Routers, Gateways, Backbone networks and Virtual LANs, Wireless WANs. Network layer: Network Layer Design Issues, Logical Addressing, Internet Protocol, Address Mapping, Error Reporting and Multicasting, Delivery, Forwarding, Routing Algorithms.

#### UNIT-IV

**TRANSPORT LAYER**: Transport Service, Elements of Transport Protocols, UDP, TCP.

APPLICATION LAYER: DNS, Remote Logging, File Transfer, SNMP, Multimedia.

#### UNIT-V

**SECURITY:** Cryptography, Network Security, Kerbers; Internet Security IPSec, PGP, VPN, Firewalls.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Behrouz A.Forouzan, "Introduction to Data Communications and Networking", Fourth Edition, 2007, McGraw-Hill Education (India), New Delhi.
- 2. Natalia Olifer & Victor Olifer, "Computer Networks: Principles, Technologies and Protocols", First Edition, 2006, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- **1.** Andrew S. Tanenbaum, "Computer Networks", Fourth Edition, 2003, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., / Pearson Education Inc., New Delhi.
- **2.** James F. Kurose, Keith W. Rose, Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet", 4<sup>th</sup> Edition (2008), Pearson Education Inc., New Delhi.
- **3.** Wayne Tomasi, "Introduction to Data Communications and Networking", First Edition, 2005, Pearson Education Inc., New Delhi.
- **4.** PrakashGupta, "Data Communications and Networking", First Edition, 2008, PHI Learning Pvt., Ltd., New Delhi.
- **5.** Curt White, "Data Communications and Networking", First Edition, 2008, CENGAGE Learning India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
- **6.** L.L. Peterson & B.S.Davile, "Computer Networks", Fourth Edition, Elsevier Inc,

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:

**CO1:** Have a good understanding of the OSI Reference Model and TCP/IP Model and in particular have a good knowledge of Layers. **K2** 

**CO2:** Analyze the requirements for a given organizational structure and select the most appropriate networking architecture and technologies. **K4** 

CO3: Design and implement network layer protocols within a simulated networking environment K3

CO4: Explore the basis of computer networks and various protocols and understand the World Wide Web concepts K5

**CO5:** Administrate a network and flow of information and predict ethical, legal, security and social issues related to computer networks **K4** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	М	М	S
CO2	М	S	S	Μ	М	Μ	М	S	Μ	Μ
CO3	М	М	S	S	S	Μ	S	М	Μ	S
CO4	S	М	S	Μ	М	S	М	М	Μ	S
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	М	S	М	М	ទ

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

PCA20P26	JAVA PROGRAMMING LAB						
	Semester II	Credits:2	Hours: 3				
Objectives	Semester IICredits:2Hours: 31. To understand the of object-oriented paradigm in Java programming language.1000000000000000000000000000000000000						

## LIST OF PROGRAMS

- 1. Classes and objects, constructors
- 2. Method overloading, Inheritance
- 3. Polymorphism
- 4. Packages and interfaces
- 5. String handling
- 6. Exception handling
- 7. Multithreading
- 8. Input/output streams
- 9. Networking (TCP, UDP)
- 10. Applets with AWT controls
- 11. JDBC

PCA20P27	DBMS LAB						
	Semester II	Credits:2	Hours: 3				
Objectives	1. To understand the	1. To understand the concepts and techniques relating to ODBC.					
	2. To understand and analyze the underlying concepts of database technologies						
	3. To present SQL and procedural interfaces to SQL						
	4. Able to Design given problem-	n and implement a database schema for a n-domain.					

## LIST OF PROGRAMS

1. Creation of base tables and views.

2. Data Manipulation INSERT, DELETE and UPDATE in Tables. SELECT, Sub Queries and JOIN

- 3. Data Control Commands
- 4. High level language extensions PL/SQL. Or Transact SQL Packages
- 5. Use of Cursors, Procedures and Functions
- 6. Embedded SQL or Database Connectivity.
- 7. Oracle or SQL Server Triggers Block Level Form Level Triggers

8. Working with Forms, Menus and Report Writers for a application project in any domain

9. Front-end tools – Visual Basic.

PCA20T31	WEB TECHNOLOGY					
	Semester III	Credits:4	Hours: 4			
Cognitive	K2: Understand					
Level	K3: Apply					
	<b>K4:</b> Analyse					
	K6: Create					
Objectives	1. To learn markup languages for processing, identifying, and presenting information in web pages.					
	2. To use scripting languages and web services to transfer data and add interactive components to web pages.					
	3. To create and a editing softwar	manipulate web media e	a objects using			
	4. Able to design	Web based application	ns.			

## **SEMESTER III**

#### UNIT–I

**HTML & CSS:** HTML Introduction – Basic HTML – The Document Body – Text – Hyperlinks –Adding More Formatting – Lists – Tables – Using Color and Images – Images –Multimedia Objects – Frames –Forms – The HTML Document Head in Detail – XHTML – CSS Introduction – Using Styles – Defining your Own Styles – Properties and Values in Styles – Formatting Blocks – Layers.

#### UNIT-II

**XML & Ajax:** Basic XML – Document Type Definition – XML Schema – Document Object Model – Presenting XML –Using XML Parser - Essential Ajax - Ajax and the DOM, XML, CSS and Dynamic HTML.

#### UNIT-III

**JAVA Script:** What is Dynamic HTML – Java Script Basics – Variables – String Manipulation –Mathematical Functions – Statements – Operators – Arrays – Functions – Data and Objects – Regular Expressions –Exception Handling – Built-in Objects – Events –Dynamic HTML with Java Script

#### UNIT-IV

**PHP & MySQL:** Why PHP and MySQL - Server-Side Web Scripting - Getting Started with PHP - Adding PHP to HTML -Syntax and Variables - Control and Functions - Passing Information between Pages – Strings – Arrays and Array Functions – Numbers - MySQL Database Administration - PHP/MySQL Functions -Displaying Queries in Tables - Building Forms from Queries.

#### UNIT-V

**Perl:** The Basic Perl Program – Scalars – Arrays – Hashes Control Structures – Processing Text – Regular Expressions – Using Files – Subroutines – Bits and Pieces –Handling XML with Perl – Handling the DOM with Perl.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Web Programming (Building Internet Applications), Chris Bates 2nd edition, Wiley India private Ltd; New Delhi- 2002. Chapters Covers: 1-8, 14

2. Ajax Bible, Steven Hoizner, Wiley India private Ltd; NewDelhi-2007Chapters Covers 1, 8-11

3. PHP5 and MySQL Bible, Tim Converse and Joyce Park with Clark Morgan, Wiley Publishing, Inc. 2004. Chapters Covers: 1-10, 14-17

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Steven M. Schafer, "HTML, CSS, JavaScript, Perl, Python and PHP - Web standards Programmer's Reference", Wiley Publishing, Inc. 2005.

2. Mitch Conrad, Kay Ether, Michal D. Thomas, "XML problem Design – solution", Wiley India private Ltd; New Delhi- 2006.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:

CO1: Develop a dynamic webpage by the use of java script and DHTML **K6** 

CO2: Connect a java program to a DBMS and perform insert, update and delete operations on DBMS table **K3** 

- CO3: Expertise to create web media object using Editing Software **K3**
- CO4: Familiarize and apply the Perl concept with MySQL **K2, K4**

CO5: Aware about the WWW architecture and its communication protocol **K2** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	М	М	S
CO2	М	S	S	М	М	М	М	S	М	М
CO3	М	М	S	S	S	М	S	М	М	S
CO4	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	М	М	S
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	М	S	М	М	S

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

PCA20T32	DATA MINING					
	Semester III	Credits:4	Hours: 4			
Cognitive	K2: Understand					
Level	K3: Apply					
	K4: Analyse					
	K5: Evaluate					
Objectives	<b>1.</b> To introduce the basic concepts of Data Mining					
	techniques.					
	<b>2.</b> To familiarize the types of the data to be mined and					
	apply preprocessing methods on raw data.					
	<b>3.</b> To identify and address problems with Data Mining					
	Methods.					
	<b>4.</b> Able to understand and analyze supervised and					
	unsupervised	models and estimate	the accuracy of the			
	algorithms.		-			

**UNIT-I: DATA MINING:** Introduction – Kinds of data can be mined, Kinds of patterns can be mined, Technologies used, Kinds of application targeted, Major issues in data mining.

**GETTING TO KNOW YOUR DATA:** Data objects & attribute types. Basic statistical description of data, data visualization.

**UNIT-II: DATA PREPROCESSING:** Overview, Data cleaning, Data integration, Data reduction, Data transformation and Data discretization.

**UNIT-III: DATA WAREHOUSE AND OLAP:** Basic Concepts, data warehouse modeling data cube and OLAP, data warehouse design and usage.

**DATA CUBE TECHNOLOGY:** Data cube computation: Preliminary concepts, Data cube computation methods.

**UNIT-IV: ASSOCIATION:** Basic concepts, Frequent itemset mining methods.

**CLASSIFICATION:** Basic concepts decision tree induction.

**UNIT-V : CLUSTER ANALYSIS:** Basic concepts, partitioning methods

**WEB MINING:** web mining, web content mining, web structure mining, semantic web mining, text mining, image mining.
### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques" by Jiaweihen, Michelin Kamber, Jian pie III edition, Elsevier publication.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. "Data mining methods" by Rajanchattamvelli, Narosa publishing house

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to: CO1: Interpret the contribution of data warehousing and data mining to the decision-support level of organizations. **K2**, **K5** 

CO2: Evaluate different models used for OLAP and data preprocessing. K5

CO3: Categorize and carefully differentiate between situations for applying different data-mining techniques: frequent pattern mining, association, correlation, classification, prediction, cluster, and outlier analysis. **K4** 

CO4: Design and implement systems for data mining. K3

CO5: Evaluate the performance of different data-mining algorithms. K4,K5

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	М	М	S
CO2	М	S	S	М	М	М	М	S	М	М
CO3	М	М	S	S	S	М	S	М	М	S
CO4	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	М	М	S
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	М	S	М	М	S

#### MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

PCA20T33	MACHINE LEARNING TECHNIQUES							
	Semester III	Credits: 4	Hours: 4					
Cognitive	K2-Understand							
Level	<b>K4</b> -Analyze							
	K6-Create							
Objectives	<ol> <li>To Learn about Machine Intelligence and Machine Learning applications</li> <li>To implement and apply machine learning algorithms to real-world applications.</li> </ol>							
	ation of learning							
	algorithms and mod	del selection.						

**UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION:** Learning Problems – Perspectives and Issues – Concept Learning – Version Spaces and Candidate Eliminations – Inductive bias – Decision Tree learning – Representation – Algorithm – Heuristic Space Search.

**UNIT-II: NEURAL NETWORKS AND GENETIC ALGORITHMS**: Neural Network Representation – Problems – Perceptrons – Multilayer Networks and Back Propagation Algorithms – Advanced Topics – Genetic Algorithms – Hypothesis Space Search – Genetic Programming – Models of Evaluation and Learning.

**UNIT-III: BAYESIAN AND COMPUTATIONAL LEARNING**: Bayes Theorem – Concept Learning – Maximum Likelihood – Minimum Description Length Principle – Bayes Optimal Classifier – Gibbs Algorithm – Naïve Bayes Classifier – Bayesian Belief Network – EM Algorithm – Probability Learning – Sample Complexity – Finite and Infinite Hypothesis Spaces – Mistake Bound Model.

**UNIT-IV: INSTANT BASED LEARNING** : K- Nearest Neighbour Learning – Locally weighted Regression – Radial Basis Functions – Case Based Learning.

### UNIT-V

**ADVANCED LEARNING** : Learning Sets of Rules – Sequential Covering Algorithm – Learning Rule Set – First Order Rules – Sets of First Order Rules – Induction on Inverted Deduction – Inverting Resolution – Analytical Learning – Perfect Domain Theories – Explanation Base Learning – FOCL Algorithm – Reinforcement Learning – Task – Q-Learning – Temporal Difference Learning

### **TEXT BOOK:**

1. Tom M. Mitchell, —Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2013.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. EthemAlpaydin, —Introduction to Machine Learning (Adaptive Computation and

Machine Learning), The MIT Press 2004.

- 2. Stephen Marsland, –Machine Learning: An Algorithmic Perspective, CRC Press, 2009.
- 3. Michael Affenzeller, Stephan Winkler, Stefan Wagner, Andreas Beham, "Genetic Algorithms and Genetic Programming", CRC Press Taylor and Francis Group.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:

**CO1:** Have a good understanding of the fundamental issues and challenges of machine learning concept **K2** 

**CO2:** Understand, Analyse and identify the strengths and weaknesses of many popular machine learning approaches. **K2, K4** 

**CO3:** Aware about the underlying mathematical relationships across Machine Learning algorithms and the paradigms of supervised and un-supervised learning.

K2

**CO4:** Ability to design and implement various machine learning algorithms in a range of real-world applications. **K4, K6** 

**CO5:** Perform evaluation of machine learning algorithms and model selection. **K4** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	S		S		Μ	Μ	Μ	S	Μ
CO2	S	S		S	М	Μ	Μ	Μ	S	
CO3	S	Μ	Μ	S		Μ	Μ	Μ	S	Μ
CO4	М	S	S		М	S	М	S		S
CO5	М	S	S		М	S	М	S		S

MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating M- Moderately Correlating

PCA20T34	DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING								
	Semester III	Credits:4	H	ours: 4					
Cognitive	K2: Understand								
Level	K3: Apply								
	K4: Analyse								
	K6: Create								
Objectives	1. To know the basic	components of an	image proces	sing system.					
	2. To Analyze and im	plement image pro	cessing algori	ithms					
	3. To understand the differences between computer vision and								
	image processing.								
	4. To develop App	plication-Specific	Algorithms	for image					
	processing								

#### UNIT-I:

**INTRODUCTION** – The Origins of Digital Image Processing – Application of Digital Image Processing – Fundamental Steps in Digital Image Processing – Component of Image Processing System

**FUNDAMENTALS:** Image Acquisition Using a Single Sensor – Image Acquisition Using Sensor Arrays

**UNIT-II: IMAGE SAMPLING AND QUANTIZATION:** Basic concepts-Representing Digital Images – Spatial and Grey Level Resolution-Aliasing &more patterns – Zooming and Shrinking Digital Images

**BASIC RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN PIXELS**: Neighbors of a Pixel – Adjacency, Connectivity, Regions and Boundaries – Distance Measures, Image Operations on a Pixel Basis

**UNIT-III: COLOR IMAGE PROCESSING:** Fundamentals-color models: RGB color model-CMY and CMYK color model-HIS model-Color Image smoothing &color Image sharping

**IMAGE ENHANCEMENT IN SPATIAL DOMAIN:** Gray Level Transformation – Image Negatives – Log Transformations –Piecewise-Linear transformation function-Enhancement Using Arithmetic/Logic Operations – Image Subtraction – Image Averaging

**UNIT-IV: IMAGE COMPRESSION:** Fundamentals-Coding Redundancy – Inter pixel Redundancy – PsychoVisual Redundancy – Image Compression Models – The Source Encoder and Decoder – The Channel Encoder and Decoder **UNIT-V: IMAGE SEGMENTATION:** Detection of Discontinuities Point Detection – Line Detection – Edge Detection

**REPRESENTATION OF IMAGES**: Chain Codes – Polygonal Approximation – Signatures – Boundary Segments – Skeletons

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. "Digital Image Processing" – Second Edition – Rafael C.Gonzalez and Richard E.Woods

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Anil K.Jain, "Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing", PHI, 1995.
- 2. Sid Ahme M.A, "Image Processing", McGraw Hill Inc, 1995
- Gonzalaz R and Wintz P., "Digital Image Processing", Addison Wesley, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, 1987

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, Student shall be able to

**CO1:** Explain how digital images are represented and manipulated in computer

CO2: Understand different image enhancement techniques and image transforms K2

CO3: Analyze the basic algorithms used for image processing and image compression with morphological image processing
 CO4: Write a program to implement fundamental image processing algorithms

K3

CO5: Develop real world applications using different image processing techniques K6

# MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

<b>CO</b> /	PO1	DOO	PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6	DO4	DOF	DOG	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
PO	FOI	F02		1	2	3	4			
CO1	S	S	М	M	М	М	M	S	M	M
CO2	S	S	S	Μ	М	М	S	S	M	М
CO3	S	M	S	S	S	М	S	M	S	M
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	М	S	S	M	M
CO5	М	M	S	S	S	S	M	M	S	S

S – Strongly Correlating

PCA20P36	WEB TECHNOLOGY LAB									
	Semester III Credits:5 Hours:									
Objectives	1. To create an adaptive web pages									
	2. To use JavaScript for dynamic effects.									
	3. To create and rediting softwar	nanipulate web media e	a objects using							
	4. Able to design	Web based application	ns.							

## LIST OF PROGRAMMES

- 1. Simple HTML Pages using Tables, Frames
- 2. Java Script for a Mathematical Calculator
- 3. Java Script Games such as Number Puzzle, Magic Square, Games using Random number generation
- 4. Online Quiz using Java Script
- 5. Validation of name, mobile number, date of birth, email id using Java Script
- 6. Design of style sheets using CSS and using various style attributes like textdecoration, text-transform
- 7. Java Script for validating XML against a DTD
- 8. Simple Servlets for handling HTTP Get and Post Requests
- 9. Servlets using JDBC for display of student results
- 10. A Simple Search Engine using JSP
- 11. Creation of a login form and validating the user using JSP
- 12. A Page Hit Counter using JSP
- 13. Designing a Web page that accesses a database via JDBC.

PCA20P37	PYTHON PROGRAMMING LAB									
	Semester III	Credits:5	Hours: 5							
Objectives	<b>Dbjectives</b> 1. To create simple Python programs.									
	2. To understand	the scripting languag	ge of Python.							
	<b>3.</b> To apply object	t-oriented programmin	ng methodology							
	using Python.									
	4. Able to design	and program Python a	applications.							

# LIST OF PROGRAMMES

- 1. Compute the GCD of two numbers.
- 2. Find the square root of a number (Newton's method)
- 3. Exponentiation (power of a number)
- 4. Find the maximum of a list of numbers
- 5. Linear search and Binary search
- 6. Selection sort, Insertion sort
- 7. Merge sort
- 8. First n prime numbers
- 9. Multiply matrices
- 10. Programs that take command line arguments (word count)
- 11. Find the most frequent words in a text read from a file
- 12. Simulate elliptical orbits in Pygame
- 13. Simulate bouncing ball in Pygame

### **ELECTIVE I**

PCA20E15	DESIGN AN	ID ANALYSIS OF ALC	ORITHMS								
	Semester I	Credits:4	Hours: 4								
Cognitive	K2 - Understand										
Level	K3 - Apply										
Objectives	1. To learn effe	1. To learn effective problem solving in Computing									
	applications	applications and determine the computational									
	complexity of algorithms.										
	2. Specify, analy	ze and design the	use case driven								
	requirements f	or a particular system	•								
	3. Model the eve	nt driven state of ob	oject and transform								
	them into impl	ementation specific la	youts.								
	4. Identify, Analy	ze the subsystems, v	various components								
	and collaborate	e them interchangeabl	y.								

**UNIT I: INTRODUCTION**: Algorithm Definition – Algorithm Specification – Performance Analysis-Asymptotic Notations. Elementary Data Structures: Stacks and Queues – Trees – Dictionaries – Priority Queues – Sets and Disjoint Set Union – Graphs

**UNIT-II: DIVIDE AND CONQUER**: The General Method – Defective Chessboard – Binary Search – Finding the Maximum And Minimum – Merge Sort – Quick Sort – Selection - Strassen's Matrix Multiplication.

**UNIT-III : THE GREEDY METHOD**: General Method - Container Loading -Knapsack Problem - Tree Vertex Splitting – Job Sequencing With Deadlines -Minimum Cost Spanning Trees - Optimal Storage On Tapes – Optimal Merge Patterns - Single Source Shortest Paths.

**UNIT-IV : DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING**: The General Method – Multistage Graphs – All-Pairs Shortest Paths – Single-Source Shortest Paths - Optimal Binary Search Trees - String Editing - 0/1 Knapsack - Reliability Design - The Traveling Salesperson Problem - Flow Shop Scheduling. Basic Traversal and Search Techniques: Techniques for Binary Trees – Techniques for Graphs – Connected Components and Spanning Trees – Biconnected Components and DFS. **UNIT-V : BACKTRACKING:** The General Method – The 8-Queens Problem – Sum of Subsets – Graph Coloring – Hamiltonian Cycles – Knapsack Problem Branch and Bound: Least Cost search - 0/1 Knapsack Problem.

### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Ellis Horowitz, Satraj Sahni and Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Universities Press, Second Edition, Reprint 2009.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Data Structures Using C Langsam, Augenstien, Tenenbaum, PHI
- 2. Data structures and Algorithms, V.Aho, Hopcropft, Ullman, LPE
- 3. Introduction to design and Analysis of Algorithms S.E. Goodman, ST. Hedetniem- TMH.
- Carlos A.Coello Coello, Gary B.Lamont, David A.Van Veldhuizen, "Evolutionary Algorithms for Solving Multi-Objective Problems", Springer 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2007.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:

CO1: Aware about the problem solving techniques in Computing applications **K2** 

CO2: Have a knowledge about the computational complexities of Algorithm  ${\bf K2}$ 

CO3: Aware about the structural behavioral concepts of the system K2

CO4: Understand the importance of dynamic programming & Greedy method K2

CO5: Apply the concepts of architectural design for deploying the code for software. **K3** 

CO/	PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO					
PO	FOI	FU2	FU3	F04	PU5	100	1	2	3	4
CO1	S	S	М	м	м	М	М	S	М	М
CO2	s	s	s	М	м	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	м	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	М	S	м	М	S	S	М	M
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

#### MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

	S – Strongly Correl	ating M- Mode	rately Correlating						
PCA20E15	M	ULTIMEDIA SYSTE	MS						
	Semester I	Credits:4	Hours: 4						
Cognitive	<b>K3 –</b> Apply								
Level	<b>K4 –</b> Analyze								
	<b>K5 –</b> Evaluate								
Objectives	1. To understand the standards available for different								
	audio, video ar	nd text applications							
	2. To learn variou	s multimedia author	ring systems in						
	multimedia pro	oduction team							
	3. Adoption of fac	tual knowledge and	development of skills						
	needed for inde	ependent developmer	nt of multimedia						
	systems								
	4. Applications us	sing available hardw	are and software						
	tools.								

# UNIT-I

**MULTIMEDIA DEFINITION:** Use Of Multimedia - Delivering Multimedia - Text: About Fonts and Faces - Using Text in Multimedia - Computers and Text - Font Editing and Design Tools - Hypermedia and Hypertext.

## UNIT-II

**IMAGES**: Plan Approach - Organize Tools - Configure Computer Workspace - Making Still Images - Color - Image File Formats. **SOUND**: The Power of Sound - Digital Audio - Midi Audio - Midi vs. Digital Audio - Multimedia System Sounds - Audio File Formats -Vaughan's Law of Multimedia Minimums - Adding Sound to Multimedia Project.

# UNIT-III

**ANIMATION**: The Power of Motion - Principles of Animation - Animation by Computer - Making Animations that Work. **VIDEO**: Using Video - Working with Video and Displays - Digital Video Containers - Obtaining Video Clips - Shooting and Editing Video.

### UNIT-IV

**MAKING MULTIMEDIA:** The Stage of Multimedia Project - The Intangible Needs -The Hardware Needs - The Software Needs - An Authoring Systems Needs-Multimedia Production Team.

### UNIT-V

**PLANNING AND COSTING:** The Process of Making Multimedia - Scheduling - Estimating - RFPs and Bid Proposals. Designing and Producing - Content and Talent: Acquiring Content - Ownership of Content Created for Project - Acquiring Talent.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1.Tay Vaughan, "Multimedia: Making It Work", 8th Edition, Osborne/McGraw-Hill, 2001.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.Ralf Steinmetz & Klara Nahrstedt "Multimedia Computing, Communication & Applications", Pearson Education, 2012.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to: CO1: Describe the types of media and define multimedia system. **K4,K5** 

CO2: Describe the process of digitizing (quantization) of different analog signals (text, graphics, sound and video). **K5** 

CO3: Use and apply tools for image processing, video, sound and animation. **K3,K4** 

CO4: Apply methodology to develop a multimedia system. K3

CO5: Apply acquired knowledge in the field of multimedia in practice and independently continue to expand knowledge in this field. **K3** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	<b>PO6</b>	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	s	s	М	м	м	М	М	S	М	М
CO2	S	S	S	м	м	м	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	М	S	S	M	M
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

# MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating M- Moderately Correlating

PCA20E15	OPEN	OPEN SOURCE TECHNOLOGY									
	Semester I	Credits:4	Hours: 4								
Cognitive	<b>K2 –</b> Understand	K2 – Understand									
Level	<b>K3 –</b> Apply										
Objectives	1. Introduces Open Source methodologies.										
	2. To make the st	udents to gain experi	ence using open								
	source tools, la	nguages and framew	orks								
	3. To prepare for	careers in software d	evelopment.								
	4. To understand open source scripting language for										
	programming in web environment i.e. PHP.										

**UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION:** Open Source, Free Software, Free Software vs. Open Source software, Public Domain Software, FOSS does not mean no cost. History : BSD, The Free Software Foundation and the GNU Project.

**UNIT-II: OPEN SOURCE HISTORY**: Initiatives, Principle and methodologies. **PHILOSOPHY:** Software Freedom, Open Source Development Model Licences and Patents: What Is A License, Important FOSS Licenses (Apache,BSD,GPL, LGPL), copyrights and copylefts, Patents Economics of FOSS : Zero Marginal Cost, Income-generation opportunities, Problems with traditional commercial software, Internationalization

**UNIT-III: COMMUNITY BUILDING:** Importance of Communities in Open Source Movement-JBoss Community- Starting and Maintaining an Open Source Project - Open Source Hardware

**UNIT-IV:** Apache HTTP Server and its flavors- WAMP server (Windows, Apache, MySQL, PHP)- Apache, MySQL, PHP, JAVA as development platform.

**UNIT-V: OPEN SOURCE VS. CLOSED SOURCE:** Open source government, Open source ethics. Social and Financial impacts of open source technology, Shared software, Shared source.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Sumitabha Das "Unix Concepts and Applications, Tata McGraw Hill Education 006

2. The Official Ubuntu Book, 8th Edition

3. Kailash Vedera, Bhavyesh Gandhi, "Open Source Technology", University Science press, ker

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Paul Kavanagh, "Open Source Software: Implementation and Management", Elsevier Digital Press

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:

CO1: Leaned the need of open source technology, open source development model, application of open sources, aspects of open source movement **K2** 

CO2: Aware about the problems with traditional commercial software. K2

CO3: Familiar with basis syntax of PHP, common PHP scripts elements. K2

CO4: Familiar with creating of the server side scripting using PHP, implement PHP database connectivity, perform operation on database and open source database management system. **K2**, **K3** 

CO5: Aware about the software tool and process like Eclipse IDE, Selenium ID. **K2** 

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

CO/		<b>DO</b> 2	<b>DO3 DO4</b>	DOF	DOG	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO	
PO	FOI	FU2	FU3	P04	P05	FUO	1	2	3	4
CO1	S	S	М	М	М	м	м	S	М	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	S	S	м	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	м	S	S	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

**S – Strongly Correlating** 

PCA20E15		MICROPROCESSOR AND ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE									
		PROGRAMMING									
	S	Semester I Credits:4 Hours: 4									
Cognitive	K1 –	Recall									
Level	K2 –	Understand									
	КЗ –	Apply									
	K4 –	Analyse									
	K5 –	Evaluate									
Objectives	1.	To study the a	rchitecture of 8085 p	rocessor.							
	2.	To write simple	e assembly level prog	ramming							
	3.	To understand	the basic 16-bit (808	86) processor and an							
		8-bit (8051) co	ntrollers, their archit	ecture , internal							
		organization a	nd their functions, in	terfacing an external							
		device with the	e processors/ control	lers.							
	4.	Memory interfa	ace to 8086. Interrup	ts in 8086. Parallel							
		and serial data	a transfer methods. 8	255 PPI chip. I/o							
		interface meth	od.	1 ,							

### UNIT-I

**ARCHITECTURE AND OPERATION:** Introduction to 8085, Microprocessor organization/ architecture & its operation Microprocessor based system, memory interfacing, basic interfacing concepts ,interfacing I/O devices

## UNIT-II

**PROGRAMMING THE 8085:** Programming model, instruction classification, Instruction format, addressing modes, writing assembly level programs-overview of instruction set, timing diagrams data transfer, Arithmetic, Logic branch operations.

#### UNIT-III

**PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUES:** Looping Counting and Indexing, 16 bit arithmetic operations, logic operations Compare and rotate operations. Counters and Time delays, Generation of pulse waveforms. Stacks and subroutines- conditional CALL and RETURN instructions. Advanced subroutine concepts. BCD to Binary and Binary to BCD conversions, BCD to 7 segment conversion, Binary to ASCII and

ASCII to Binary code conversion, BCD addition and subtraction , multiplication and division.

### UNIT-IV

**MEMORY INTERFACE:** Memory and I/O mapping and interfacing concepts. Interrupts : 8085 vectored interrupts, Restart as Software instructions, additional I/O concepts and processes.

#### UNIT-V

**INTERFACING OF PERIPHERALS (I/OS) AND APPLICATIONS:** Interfacing Keyboard (linear and matrix) and 7 segment display including multiplexes, 8279 programmable keyboard /display interface, 8255 PPI, 8259 PIC, DMA and 8257 DMA controller, Serial communication using 8251, D to A converters and interfacing, RS323 serial Page 31 of 38 communication standards.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1.R.S.Gaonkar – Microprocessor Architecture, Programming and Application with 8085. Penram Int., 3rd Edn.

#### **REFERENCES BOOKS:**

1. Kenneth L.Short - Microprocessor and Programmed Logic ", PHI , 2nd Edn.

- 2. Aditya P. Mathur- Introduction to Microprocessors, 3RD Edn. TMH
- 3. Douglas V.Hall- Microprocessors and digital systems, McGraw Hill

4. Antonakos: Introduction to Intel family of Microprosessors Pearson Education

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES: (Excess)**

CO1: recall and apply a basic concept of digital fundamentals to Microprocessor based personal computer system. **K1, K3** 

CO2: identify a detailed s/w & h/w structure of the Microprocessor. K2

CO3: illustrate how the different peripherals (8255, 8253 etc.) are interfaced with Microprocessor. **K2** 

CO4: distinguish and analyze the properties of Microprocessors & Microcontrollers. **K5** 

CO5: analyze the data transfer information through serial & parallel ports. K4

CO/ PO	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	S	М	М	М	М	М	S	М	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

PCA20T15		NETWORK SECURIT	Y					
	Semester I	Credits:4	Hours: 4					
Cognitive	K2: Understand							
Level	K4: Analyse							
	K5: Evaluate							
	K6: Create							
Objectives	1. To learn the network security concepts: vulnerability, threat							
	and attack							
	2. To understand	symmetric and as	symmetric encryption					
	processes.							
	3. To learn about t	he various issues a	and treats of network					
	security							
	4. To create the abil	ity to design a secu	rity model to prevent,					
	detect and recover	from the attacks.						

### UNIT-1:

**INTRODUCTION:** Services and Mechanism: Security Attacks, Security services-Classical Encryption techniques-Cipher Principles-Data Encryption Standard-Block Cipher Design Principles and modes of Operation-Evaluation criteria for AES- AES Cipher- Triple DES- Placement of Encryption function- Traffic Confidentiality.

#### UNIT-2:

**PUBLIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY:** Key Management- Diffie - Hellman Key Exchange-Elliptic Curve Architecture and Cryptography-Introduction to Number Theory- confidentiality using Symmetric .Encryption-public Key Cryptography and RSA.

### UNIT-3:

**AUTHENTICATION AND HASH FUNCTION:** Authentication requirements-Authentication functions-Message Authentication Codes –Hash functions-Security of Hash Functions and MACs-MD5 message algorithm-secure Hash Algorithm-RIPEMD-HMAC Digital Signatures-Authentication Protocols-Digital Signature Standard.

## UNIT-4:

**NETWORK SECURITY:** Authentication Applications: Kerberos-X.509 Authentication Service-Electronic Mail Security-

PGP-S/MIME-IP Security, Network Security: Electronic mail security, IP Security, Network Management Security

# UNIT-5:

**SYSTEM LEVEL SECURITY:** Intrusion detection-password management-Viruses and related Threats-Virus Counter measures -Firewall Design principles –Trusted Systems, SSL, SET, Intrusion Detection.

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Williams Stallings "Cryptography and Network Security-Principles and Practices", Prentice Hall of India, Third Edition, 2003.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Atual Kahate, Cryptography and Network Security, McGraw Hill.

2. Bruce Schenier, "Applied Cryptography', John Wiley & Sons Inc, 2001.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After successful completion of the course, Student shall be able to:	
<b>CO1:</b> Understand the design issues in Network Security	K2
<b>CO2:</b> Understand the network security services and mechanisms	K2
<b>CO3:</b> Evaluate authentication and hash algorithms.	K4

**CO4:** Identify security threats, security services and mechanisms to counter them.

K5

**CO5:** Design a security model to prevent, detect and recover from the attacks.

**K6** 

CO/	PO1	PO2	DO3	PO4	POS	PO6	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
PO	FOI	FU2	FUS	F04	PO5	FUO	1	2	3	4
CO1	S	S	S	М	М	М	Μ	S	Μ	M
CO2	S	M	S	S	S	М	S	М	M	S
CO3	S	М	S	S	М	М	S	М	S	М
CO4	М	М	M	S	S	S	S	М	Μ	S
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	S	М	S	S
<u>1</u>	~		1 0	4				~ 1		

# MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

<b>ELECTIVE</b>
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PCA20E25	RESOURCE MANAGEMENT TECHNIQUES									
	Semester II	Credits:4	Hours: 4							
Cognitive	K2: Understand									
Level	K3: Apply									
	K4: Analyse									
	K5: Evaluate									
Objectives	1. To understand the	mathematical tools the	at are needed to solve							
	O To provide Degie al	rills and imported to of	anonationa reasonab							
	2. TO provide basic sk	this and knowledge of o	operations research							
	and its application	1	1 / 1							
	3. To apply the techni	ques used in operation	hs research to solve							
	real life problem									
	4. To understand the	e operational research	models from the							
	description of the real	-world systems.								

**UNIT-I:** Development of OR- Definition OR- General methods for solving OR models –Phases of OR study – tools, techniques and methods – scientific methods in OR.

**UNIT-II:** Linear Programming Problem – Mathematical formation of LPP – Stack and surplus variables – graphical solution of LPP

**UNIT-III:** Simplex method – Computational procedure –Two phase method – Duality in LPP

**UNIT-IV:** Mathematical Formulation of transportation problem – optimal solution of T.P – Methods for obtaining an initial feasible solution – Optimal solution – Handling Degeneracy in T.P

**UNIT-V:** Mathematical Formulation of Assignment problem – Solution to assignment problems – optimal solution of assignment problem – Unbalanced Assignment solution

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Operation Research – S.D.Sharma(Kedarnath Ramanath & COBOL) Chapter 1 to 6 (all section).

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Paneer Selvam, "Operations Research", Prentice Hall of India, 2002
- 2. Anderson "Quantitative Methods for Business", 8th Edition, Thomson Learning, 2002.
- 3. Winston "Operation Research", Thomson Learning, 2003.
- 4. Vohra, "Quantitative Techniques in Management", Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2002.
- 5. Anand Sarma, "Operation Research", Himalaya Publishing House, 2003

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, student shall be able to **CO1:** Solve optimization problems using mathematical tools **K2 & K3 CO2:** Solve transportation and assignment problems **K4 CO3:** Apply integer programming and linear programming to solve real life applications **K4 CO4:** Design simple operation research models to improve decision making **K3** 

**CO5:** Solve networks problems using CPM/PERT **K4 & K5** 

CO/ PO	<b>PO</b> 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	S	М	S	М	М	М	М	S	М
CO2	S	S	М	S	М	М	М	Μ	S	Μ
CO3	М	S	S	S	Μ	Μ	S	Μ	S	Μ
CO4	М	Μ	S	Μ	Μ	Μ	S	Μ	Μ	S
CO5	М	М	М	М	S	S	S	М	М	S

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

PCA20E25	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE								
	Semester II	Credits:4	Hours: 4						
Cognitive	<b>K2 –</b> Understand								
Level	<b>K4 –</b> Analyse								
	<b>K5 –</b> Evaluate								
Objectives	1. To understand t	the AI & Expert Syste	ems.						
	<b>2.</b> To learnt the He	euristic techniques ar	nd reasoning.						
	3. To provide the r	nost fundamental kno	owledge to the						
	students so tha	t they can understand	d what the AI.						
	4. To eliminate the	coretic proofs and form	mal notations as far as						
	possible, so tha	t the students can ge	t the full picture of AI						
	easily.		-						

**UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION:** AI Problems – AI techniques – Criteria for Success. Problems – Problem spaces, Search: State space search – Production Systems.

**UNIT-II: HEURISTIC SEARCH TECHNIQUES:** Generate and Test – Hill Climbing – Best – First Means – end analysis. Knowledge representation issues: Representations and mappings – Approaches to knowledge representations – Issues in Knowledge representations – Frame Problem.

**UNIT-III: USING PREDICATE LOGIC:** Representing Simple facts in logic – Representing Instance and Is a relationships – Computable functions and predicates – Resolution.

**UNIT-IV: REPRESENTING KNOWLEDGE USING RULES:** Procedural Vs Declarative knowledge – Logic Programming – Forward Vs Backward Reasoning – Matching – control knowledge.

**UNIT-V: GAME PLAYING:** The minimax search procedure – Expert System – Perception and Action.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, "Artificial Intelligence", Tata McGraw Hill Publishers company Pvt Ltd, Second Edition, 1991.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, 3rd Edition, by Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig.
- Nils J. Nilsson, "Artificial Intelligence: A new Synthesis", Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
- 3. Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, "Artificial Intelligence", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2003.
- 4. George F. Luger, "Artificial Intelligence-Structures and Strategies For Complex Problem Solving", Pearson Education / PHI, 2002.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, student shall be able to

CO1: Demonstrate fundamental understanding of the history of artificial intelligence (AI) and its foundations. **K2** 

CO2: Apply basic principles of AI in solutions that require problem solving, inference, perception, knowledge representation, and learning. **K4** 

CO3: Demonstrate awareness and a fundamental understanding of various applications of AI techniques in intelligent agents, expert systems, artificial neural networks and other machine learning models. **K2,K5** 

CO4: Demonstrate profeiency developing applications in an 'AI language', expert system shell, or data mining tool. **K2** 

CO5: Demonstrate profeiency in applying scientifc method to models of machine learning. **K2** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	S	М	М	М	М	м	S	M	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	м	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

## MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

PCA20E25	BIG DATA ANALYTICS								
	Semester II	Credits:4	Hours: 4						
Cognitive	<b>K2 –</b> Understand	•	· · · · ·						
Level	<b>K3 –</b> Apply								
	<b>K4 –</b> Analyse								
Objectives	<ol> <li>To optimize b advantage with</li> <li>To explore t analytics and techniques.</li> <li>To understar visualization to</li> <li>To understan Concepts.</li> </ol>	usiness decision h Big Data analy he fundamental analyze the bind nd the various echniques. d the applicati	is and create competitive tics I concepts of big data ig data using intelligent s search methods and ons using Map Reduce						

### UNIT-I

**INTRODUCTION TO BIG DATA :** Introduction to Big Data Platform – Challenges of Conventional Systems - Intelligent data analysis – Nature of Data - Analytic Processes and Tools - Analysis vs Reporting.

#### UNIT-II

**MINING DATA STREAMS :** Introduction To Streams Concepts – Stream Data Model and Architecture - Stream Computing - Sampling Data in a Stream – Filtering Streams – Counting Distinct Elements in a Stream – Estimating Moments – Counting Oneness in a Window – Decaying Window - Real time Analytics Platform(RTAP) Applications - Case Studies - Real Time Sentiment Analysis- Stock Market Predictions.

#### UNIT-III

**HADOOP:** History of Hadoop- the Hadoop Distributed File System – Components of Hadoop Analysing the Data with Hadoop- Scaling Out- Hadoop Streaming-Design of HDFS-Java interfaces to HDFS Basics- Developing a Map Reduce Application-How Map Reduce Works-Anatomy of a Map Reduce Job run-Failures-Job Scheduling-Shuffle and Sort – Task execution - Map Reduce Types and Formats- Map Reduce FeaturesHadoop environment.

#### UNIT-IV

**FRAMEWORKS:** Applications on Big Data Using Pig and Hive – Data processing operators in Pig – Hive services – HiveQL – Querying Data in Hive - fundamentals of HBase and ZooKeeper - IBM InfoSphere BigInsights and Streams.

#### UNIT-V

**PREDICTIVE ANALYTICS**- Simple linear regression- Multiple linear regression-Interpretation 5 of regression coefficients. Visualizations - Visual data analysis techniques- interaction techniques - Systems and applications.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, "Intelligent Data Analysis", Springer, 2007.
- 2. Tom White "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide" Third Edition, O'reilly Media, 2012.

3. Chris Eaton, Dirk DeRoos, Tom Deutsch, George Lapis, Paul Zikopoulos, "Understanding Big Data: Analytics for Enterprise Class Hadoop and Streaming Data", McGrawHill Publishing, 2012.

4. Anand Rajaraman and Jeffrey David Ullman, "Mining of Massive Datasets", CUP, 2012.

### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Bill Franks, "Taming the Big Data Tidal Wave: Finding Opportunities in Huge Data Streams with Advanced Analytics", John Wiley& sons, 2012.

2. Glenn J. Myatt, "Making Sense of Data", John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

3. Pete Warden, "Big Data Glossary", O'Reilly, 2011.

4. Da Ruan, Guoquing Chen, Etienne E.Kerre, Geert Wets, "Intelligent Data Mining", Springer, 2007.

5. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Big Data Science & Analytics: A HandsOn Approach ",VPT, 2016

6. Bart Baesens "Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications (WILEY Big Data Series)", John Wiley & Sons,2014

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, student shall be able to

CO1: Work with big data platform and explore the big data analytics techniques business applications. **K3** 

CO2: Design efficient algorithms for mining the data from large volumes. **K3** 

CO3: Analyze the HADOOP and Map Reduce technologies associated with big data analytics. **K4** 

CO4: Explore on Big Data applications Using Pig and Hive. **K2** 

CO5: Understand the fundamentals of various big data analytics techniques.

#### **K2**

#### **MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :**

CO/	<b>DO1</b>	DOO	<b>DO</b> 2	<b>DO</b> 4	DOF	DOC	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
РО	101	FOI FOZ FOS PO4 PO5 PO6	1	2	3	4				
CO1	s	s	М	М	М	М	М	s	М	М
CO2	S	S	S	м	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	м	S	S	S	М	S	м	S	М
CO4	S	S	м	S	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO5	м	м	S	S	S	S	м	м	S	S
									•	

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

PCA20E25	OBJECT-ORIENTED ANALYSIS AND DESIGN									
	Semester II	Credits:4	Hours: 4							
Cognitive	<b>K2 –</b> Understand									
Level	<b>K4 –</b> Analyze	<b>K4 –</b> Analyze								
	K5 - Evaluate									
Objectives	1. To understand the Object-based view of Systems									
	2. To inculcate necessary skills to handle complexity in									
	software design									
	3. To develop robust object-based models for Systems									
	4. Ability to analy	se and model softwa	re specifications.							

### UNIT-I

**INTRODUCTION TO OBJECT ORIENTED DEVELOPMENT** – modeling as a design technique: Modeling – object modeling techniques – object modeling – objects and classes – links and association – advanced link and association concepts – generalization and interface – grouping constructs – a sample object model – advanced object modeling: aggregation – abstract classes – generalization as extension and restriction - multiple inheritance.

#### UNIT-II

**DYNAMIC MODELING:** events and states –operations – nested state diagrams – concurrency – advanced dynamic modeling concepts – a sample dynamic model – relation of object and dynamic models – functional modeling – functional models – data flow diagram – specifying operation – constraints.

#### UNIT-III

**ANALYSIS:** overview of analysis – problem statement – automated teller machine example – object modeling – dynamic modeling – functional modeling adding operation iterating the analysis.

#### UNIT-IV

**SYSTEM DESIGN:** overview of system - breaking a system into subsystems – identifying concurrency – allocating subsystems to process and tasks – management of data stores – handling boundaries conditions – setting trade –off priorities.

#### UNIT-V

**OBJECT DESIGN:** overview of object design – combining the three models – designing algorithms – design optimization – implementation of control – adjustment of inheritance – design of association – object representations – physical packaging – documenting design decisions.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

 James Rumbaugh Michael Blaha, William Premerlani, Federick Eddy, William Lorensen – Object Oriented Modeling and Design, Prentice-hall of india New Delhi, 2002..

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Grady Booch, "Object-Oriented Analysis and Design With Applications", Pearson Education, 3rd edition, 2009.
- 2. Mahesh P. Matha, "Object-Oriented analysis and Design Using UML", PHI, 3rd reprint, 2012.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

After completion of the course, student shall be able to

CO1: Understand the object oriented life cycle, Use-case design, Object Oriented Design process, software quality and usability. **K2** 

CO 2: Identify objects, relationships, services and attributes through UML. K2, K4

CO 3: Apply UI design concepts in real-time applications. **K4** 

CO 4: An ability to apply knowledge of OOPs concepts in Object Oriented Design.  ${\bf K5}$ 

CO 5: An ability to analyze the case study and apply the UML notations. **K5** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	S	М	М	М	М	М	S	М	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

## **MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :**

S – Strongly Correlating

<b>PCA20E25</b>		CLOUD COMPUTING	•					
	Semester II	Credits:4	Hours: 4					
Cognitive	<b>K2 –</b> Understand							
Level	<b>K3 –</b> Apply	<b>K3</b> – Apply						
Objectives	<ol> <li>To understan cloud storage,</li> <li>To learn the l Computing.</li> <li>To facilitate to algorithms, an</li> <li>Able to devel</li> </ol>	d the principle of data management an key dimensions and choose the appropria d approaches for the op and deploy clou	cloud virtualization, d data visualization. challenges of Cloud te technologies, related issues. d application using					

### UNIT-I

**INTRODUCTION:** Cloud Computing – History – Working of cloud computing – Cloud computing today – Pros and cons of Cloud Computing – Benefits of cloud computing – Non users of Cloud Computing – Developing cloud services – Pros and Cons of Cloud service Development – Types of Cloud Service Development – Discovering Cloud Services development services and tools.

## UNIT-II

**CLOUD COMPUTING FOR EVERYONE:** Centralizing Email Communications – Collaborating of Grocery lists – Collaborating on To-Do lists – Collaborating on Household budgets – Collaborating on Contact lists – Communicating across the community – Collaborating on Schedules – Collaborating on group projects and events – Cloud computing for corporation.

#### UNIT-III

**CLOUD SERVICES:** Exploring online calendar applications – Exploring online scheduling applications – Exploring online planning and task management –

Collaboration on event management – Collaboration on Contact Management – Collaboration on Project Management – Collaborating on Word Processing and Databases – Storing and Sharing files and other online content.

#### UNIT-IV

**ISSUES IN CLOUD:** Federation in cloud – Four levels of federation – Privacy in cloud – Security in Cloud –Software as a security service – Case Study: Aneka – service level agreements Cloud Storage: Over view of cloud storage – Cloud storage providers – Amazon S3 – Cloud file system – Map Reduce – Hadoop

#### UNIT-V

**CLOUD DEPLOYMENT TOOLS**: Study of open source cloud platforms – Eucalyptus - Nimbus – Open Nebula

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Michael Miller, "Cloud computing Web based applications that change the way you work and collaborate online", Pearson Education Inc., 2008
- 2. John W.Rittinghous, James F.Ransome, "Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management and Security", CRC Press 2010.

#### **REFERENCEBOOKS:**

- Danielle Ruest and Nelson Ruest, "Virtualization: A Beginners's Guide", McGraw Hill,2009.
- 2. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", O'RIELLY Media 2009.
- 3. Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg, Andrezj Goscinski, "Cloud computing Principles and Paradigms", John Wiley and Sons, 2011.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

After completion of the course, student shall be able to						
CO 1: Understand the common terms and definitions of virtualization computing	n and cloud <b>C2</b>					
CO 2: Comprehend the technical capabilities and business virtualization and cloud computing.	benefits of <b>K3</b>					
CO 3: Describe the landscape of different types of virtualization	K2					
CO 4: Illustrate how key application features can be delivered mor virtual infrastructures.	e easily on <b>K2</b>					

CO 5: Familiarize and apply Cloud deployment tools in real time applications

K3

CO/ PO	<b>PO</b> 1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	S	М	М	М	М	М	S	М	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO3	S	М	S	S	S	М	S	М	S	М
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	М	S	S	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

# MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

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### **ELECTIVE III**

PCA20E35	SOFT COMPUTING								
	Semester III Credits:4 Hours: 4								
Cognitive	<b>K2</b> –Understand								
Level	K4 - Analyse								
Objectives	<ol> <li>Develop the sk neural networl</li> <li>Introduce stud fuzzy theory fr</li> <li>Have an indep Unsupervised</li> <li>To understand</li> </ol>	tills to gain a basic un k theory and fuzzy logi lents to artificial neura om an engineering per th knowledge about S Learning Networks	derstanding of ic theory. al networks and rspective. upervised and						

**UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION:** Soft Computing Constituents – Soft Computing Vs Hard Computing – Characteristics - Applications - Artificial Neural Network (ANN): Fundamental Concept – Application Scope - Basic Terminologies – Neural Network Architecture – Learning Process – Basic Models of ANN: McCulloch-Pitts Model – Hebb Network – Linear Separability.

**UNIT-II: SUPERVISED LEARNING NETWORKS:** Perceptron Networks – Adaline and Madaline Networks – Back Propagation Network – Radial Basis Function Network. Associative Memory Networks – BAM - Hopfield Network - Boltzmann Machine. Unsupervised Learning Networks: Kohonen Self Organizing Network – Counter Propagation Network – ART Network.

**UNIT-III** : **FUZZY SETS:** Basic Concept – Crisp Set Vs Fuzzy Set - Operations on Fuzzy Set – Properties of Fuzzy Sets – Fuzzy Relations: Concept – Fuzzy Composition – Fuzzy Equivalence and Tolerance Relation - Membership Functions: Features – Fuzzification – Methods of Membership value assignments – Defuzzification – Methods.

**UNIT-IV:** Fuzzy Arithmetic – Extension Principle – Fuzzy Measures – Fuzzy Rules and **FUZZY REASONING:** Fuzzy Propositions – Formation of Rules – Decomposition of Rules – Aggregation of Rules – Approximate Reasoning – Fuzzy Inference and Expert Systems – Fuzzy Decision Making – Fuzzy Logic Control Systems.

**UNIT-V: GENETIC ALGORITHM:** Fundamental Concept – Basic Terminologies – Traditional Vs Genetic Algorithm - Elements of GA - Encoding - Fitness Function –

Genetic Operators: Selection – Cross Over - Inversion and Deletion - Mutation – Simple and General GA – The Schema Theorem - Classification of Genetic Algorithm – Genetic Programming – Applications of GA.

# TEXT BOOK:

1. S.N. Sivanandam, S.N. Deepa, "Principles of Soft Computing", Wiley India, 2007.

## **REFERENCE BOOK**

1. S. Rajasekaran, G.A.V. Pai, "Neural Networks, Fuzzy Logic, Genetic Algorithms", Prentice Hall India, 2004.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, student shall be able to

CO1: Comprehend the fuzzy logic and the concept of fuzziness involved in various systems and fuzzy set theory. **K2** 

CO2: Understand the concepts of fuzzy sets, knowledge representation using fuzzy rules, approximate reasoning, fuzzy inference systems, and fuzzy logic **K2** 

CO3: To understand the fundamental theory and concepts of neural networks, Identify different neural network architectures, algorithms, applications and their limitations. **K2** 

CO4: Understand appropriate learning rules for each of the architectures and learn several neural network paradigms and its applications. **K2** 

CO5: Reveal different applications of these models to solve engineering and other problems. **K4, K2** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	s	М	М	М	М	М	М	S	М	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	S
CO3	S	М	М	S	S	М	S	М	S	S
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

# **MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :**

**S** – Strongly Correlating

PCA20E35	DEEP LEARNING TECHNIQUES									
	Semester III	Credits:4	Hours: 4							
Cognitive	<b>K2 –</b> Understand									
Level	<b>K4 –</b> Analyze									
Objectives	1. To acquire kno	wledge on the basics	of neural networks.							
	2. To implement	neural networks u	ising computational							
	tools for variety of problems.									
	3. To explore vari	ous deep learning alg	orithms.							
	4. To present the mathematical, statistical and									
	computational	challenges of	building stable							
	representation	s for high-dimensio	nal data, such as							
	images, text ar	nd data.								

### UNIT-I

BASICS OF DEEP **LEANING-**DEEP LEARNING **ARCHITECTURES:** CONVOLUTIONAL NEURAL NETWORKS : Neurons in Human Vision-The Shortcomings of Feature Selection-Vanilla Deep Neural Networks Don't Scale-Filters and Feature Maps-Full Description of the Convolutional Layer-Max Pooling-Full Architectural Description of Convolution Networks-Closing the Loop on MNIST with Convolutional Networks-Image Preprocessing Pipelines Enable More Robust Models-Accelerating Training with Batch Normalization-Building a Convolutional Network for CIFAR-10-Visualizing Learning in Convolutional NetworksLeveraging Convolutional Filters to Replicate Artistic Styles-Learning Convolutional Filters for Other Problem Domains-Training algorithms.

## UNIT-II

**MEMORY AUGMENTED NEURAL NETWORKS :** Neural Turing Machines-Attention-Based Memory Access-NTM Memory Addressing Mechanisms-Differentiable Neural Computers-Interference-Free Writing in DNCs-DNC Memory Reuse-Temporal Linking of DNC Writes-Understanding the DNC Read Head-The DNC Controller NetworkVisualizing the DNC in Action-Implementing the DNC in TensorFlow-Teaching a DNC to Read and Comprehend.
## UNIT-III

**DEEP REINFORCEMENT LEARNING:** Deep Reinforcement Learning Masters Atari GamesWhat Is Reinforcement Learning?-Markov Decision Processes (MDP)-Explore Versus Exploit-Policy versus Value Learning-Pole-Cart with Policy Gradients-Q-Learning and Deep Q-Networks-Improving and Moving Beyond DQN.

## UNIT-IV

**IMPLEMENTING NEURAL NETWORKS IN TENSORFLOW**: What Is TensorFlow?-How Does TensorFlow Compare to Alternatives?-Installing TensorFlow-Creating and Manipulating TensorFlow Variables-TensorFlow Operations-Placeholder Tensors-Sessions in TensorFlow-Navigating Variable Scopes and Sharing Variables-Managing Models over the CPU and GPU-Specifying the Logistic Regression Model in TensorFlow-Logging and Training the Logistic Regression Model-Leveraging TensorBoard to Visualize 24 Computation Graphs and Learning-Building a Multilayer Model for MNIST in TensorFlow.

## UNIT-V

**APPLICATIONS:** Deep learning for computer vision, Deep Learning Applications at the Enterprise Scale, Deep Learning Models for Healthcare Applications.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Nikhil Buduma, Nicholas Locascio, "Fundamentals of Deep Learning: Designing Next-Generation Machine Intelligence Algorithms", O'Reilly Media, 2017.

2. Ian Goodfellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, "Deep Learning (Adaptive Computation and Machine Learning series", MIT Press, 2017.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. I. Goodfellow, Y. Bengio, A. Courville, Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016.
- 2. K. P. Murphy, Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective, MIT Press, 2012.
- 3. C. M. Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, student shall be able to	
CO1: Develop algorithms simulating human brain.	K4
CO2: Implement Neural Networks in Tensor Flow for solving problems.	K4
CO3: Explore the essentials of Deep Learning and Deep Network archit <b>K2</b>	tectures.
CO4: Define, train and use a Deep Neural Network for solving real world p that require artificial Intelligence based solutions. <b>K2, K4</b>	oroblems

CO5: Familiarize the concepts of Neural Networks and Deep Learning with real time applications K2

CO/ PO	<b>PO1</b>	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	М	М	М	М	М	М	S	М	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	S
CO3	S	М	М	S	S	М	S	М	S	S
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

## **MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :**

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

PCA20E35	II	NTERNET OF T	HINGS	
	Semester III	Credits:4		Hours: 4
Cognitive	<b>K2 –</b> Understand			
Level	K3 – Apply			
	<b>K4 –</b> Analyze			
Objectives	1. In order to g	ain knowledge	on bases	of Internet of
	Things (IoT)			
	2. To gain knowle	edge of IoT Archi	tecture, an	d the Protocols
	related to IoT;	-		
	3. To understand	the concept of t	he Web of	Thing
	4. To understand	d the relationsh	nip betwee:	n the IoT and
	WoT.			

**UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION To IOT**: Internet of Things - Physical Design- Logical Design- IoT Enabling Technologies - IoT Levels and Deployment Templates - Domain Specific IoTs - IoT and M2M - IoT System Management with NETCONF-YANG- IoT Platforms Design Methodology.

**UNIT-II: IOT ARCHITECTURE**: M2M high-level ETSI architecture - IETF architecture for IoT - OGC architecture - IoT reference model - Domain model - information model - functional model - communication model - IoT reference architecture

**UNIT-III: IoT PROTOCOLS:** Protocol Standardization for IoT – Efforts – M2M and WSN Protocols – SCADA and RFID Protocols – Unified Data Standards – Protocols – IEEE 802.15.4 – BACNet Protocol – Modbus– Zigbee Architecture – Network layer – 6LowPAN - CoAP - Security

**UNIT-IV: WEB OF THINGS:** Web of Things versus Internet of Things – Two Pillars of the Web – Architecture Standardization for WoT– Platform Middleware for WoT– Unified Multitier WoT Architecture – WoT Portals and Business Intelligence. Cloud of Things: Grid/SOA and Cloud Computing – Cloud Middleware – Cloud Standards – Cloud Providers and Systems – Mobile Cloud Computing – The Cloud of Things Architecture.

**UNIT-V: APPLICATIONS:** The Role of the Internet of Things for Increased Autonomy and Agility in Collaborative Production Environments - Resource

Management in the Internet of Things: Clustering, Synchronisation and Software Agents. Applications - Smart Grid – Electrical Vehicle Charging.

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, "Internet of Things A hands-on approach", Universities Press, 2015.
- 2. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Michahelles, Florian (Eds), "Architecting the Internet of Things", Springer, 2011.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Jan Ho<sup>°</sup> ller, Vlasios Tsiatsis, Catherine Mulligan, Stamatis, Karnouskos, Stefan Avesand. David Boyle, "From Machine-to-Machine to the Internet of Things - Introduction to a New Age of Intelligence", Elsevier, 2014.
- 2. Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning About a Highly Connected World -David Easley and Jon Kleinberg, Cambridge University Press - 2010.
- 3. Olivier Hersent, David Boswarthick, Omar Elloumi, "The Internet of Things Key applications and Protocols", Wiley, 2012.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, student shall be able to

CO1: Gain the basic knowledge about IoT and they will be able to use IoT related products in real life. **K2** 

CO2: helps to rely less on physical resources and started to do their work smarter. **K3** 

CO3: Able to understand the application areas of IOT

CO4: Able to realize the revolution of Internet in Mobile Devices, Cloud & Sensor Networks **K2** 

CO5: Able to understand building blocks of Internet of Things and characteristics. **K2,K4** 

CO/ PO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PSO 1	PSO 2	PSO 3	PSO 4
CO1	S	м	М	М	М	М	М	S	M	M
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	М	S
CO3	S	м	М	S	S	М	S	М	S	S
CO4	S	S	M	S	М	М	S	М	M	M
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

# MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating** 

**K2** 

PCA20E35	N	MOBILE COMPUTING								
	Semester III	Credits:4	Hours: 4							
Cognitive	<b>K2 –</b> Understand									
Level	<b>K4 –</b> Analyse									
	<b>K6 –</b> Create									
Objectives	1. Understand the	e basic concepts of n	nobile computing and							
	its architecture									
	2. Be familiar with GPRS Technology									
	3. Aware about th	e system be exposed	l to Ad-Hoc networks							
	4. Gain knowledg	ge about different n	nobile platforms and							
	application dev	elopment								

**UNIT-I: BASICS OF MOBILE**: Mobile device profiles - Middleware and gateways -Wireless Internet - Smart clients - Three-tier Architecture- Design considerations for mobile computing-- Mobility and Location based services.

**UNIT-II: MOBILE COMPUTING THROUGH INTERNET:** Mobile-enabled Applications - Developing Mobile GUIs – VUIs and Mobile Applications – Characteristics and benefits -Multichannel and Multi modal user interfaces – Synchronization and replication of Mobile Data - SMS architecture – GPRS – Mobile Computing through Telephony.

**UNIT-III: MOBILE APPLICATION DEVELOPMENT:** Android- wi-fi –GPS – Camera – Movement – orientation - event based programming – iOS/ windows CE – Blackberry – windows phone – M-Commerce- structure – pros & cons – Mobile payment system - J2ME

**UNIT-IV: ADHOC WIRELESS NETWORK** - Ad Hoc Wireless Network –MAC protocol – Routing protocols - Transport Layer Protocol - QoS – Energy Management – application design – work flow – composing applications – Dynamic linking – Intents and Services – Communication via the web.

#### UNIT-V

**SECURITY AND HACKING:** Password security – Network security – web security – Database security - Wireless Sensor Network - Architecture and Design – Medium Access Control – Routing – Transport Layer – Energy model.

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Jochen Schiller, Mobile Communications, Second Edition, 2012.
- 2. William Stallings,"Wireless Communications & Networks", Pearson Education, 2009.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. C.Siva Ram Murthy, B.S. Manoj, "Ad Hoc Wireless Networks Architectures and Protocols", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education. 2004
- Ashok K Talukder, Roopa R Yavagal, "Mobile Computing", Tata McGraw Hill, 2005.
- Jochen Burkhardt Dr.Horst Henn, Klaus Rintdoff, Thomas Schack, "Pervasive Computing", Pearson, 2009.
- Fei Hu, Xiaojun Cao, "Wireless Sensor Networks Principles and Practice" CRC Press, 2010.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

After completion of the course, student shall be able to	
CO1: Able to explain the basics of mobile computing system	K2
CO2: Able to develop mobile application using android	K4,K6
CO3: Understand the Mobile Ad hoc networks and its routing	K2
CO4: Understand the different types of security features	K2
CO5: Aware about the concept of Network Security and Hacking	K2

CO/	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PSO	PSO	PSO	PSO
PO		102		104			1	2	3	4
<b>a a</b> 1	-							-		
C01	S	M	M	M	М	М	M	S	M	М
CO2	S	S	S	М	М	М	S	S	M	S
CO3	s	М	М	s	s	М	s	М	s	s
CO4	S	S	М	S	М	М	S	М	М	М
CO5	М	М	S	S	S	S	М	М	S	S

## **MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :**

S – Strongly Correlating M- Moderately Correlating

PCA20E35	P	PYTHON PROGRAMMING									
	Semester III	Credits:4	Hours: 4								
Cognitive	K2: Understand										
Level	K3: Apply										
	K4: Analyse										
	K6: Create										
Objectives	1. Master the fundam	entals of writing Pyth	ion scripts								
	2. Learn core Python	scripting elements	such as variables and								
	flow control structu	ares									
	3. Write Python funct	ions to facilitate code	reuse								
	4. Make their code	robust by handling	errors and exceptions								
	properly	-	-								

**UNIT-I: INTRODUCTION**: history, features, basic syntax, variable and data types, operator, conditional statements (if, if- else, nested if-else), looping (for, while, nested loops), control statements (break, continue, pass), string manipulation (accessing strings, basic operations, string slices, function and methods)

**UNIT-II: LISTS:** introduction, accessing list, operations, working with lists, function and methods.

**TUPLE:** Introduction, accessing tuples, operations, working, functions and methods.

**UNIT-III: DICTIONARIES:** Introduction, accessing values in dictionaries, working with dictionaries, properties, functions

**FUNCTIONS:** defining a function, calling a function, types of functions, function arguments, anonymous functions, global and local variables

**UNIT-IV: MODULES:** Importing module, math module, random module, packages, composition.

**INPUT-OUTPUT:** printing on screen, reading data from keyboard, opening and closing file, reading and writing files, functions.

## UNIT-V

**EXCEPTION HANDLING**: exception, exception handling, except clause, try, finally clause, user defined exceptions

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Zelle, J. M. (2004). Python programming: an introduction to computer science. Franklin, Beedle & Associates, Inc..
- 2. Barry, P. (2016). Head First Python: A Brain-Friendly Guide. " O'Reilly Media, Inc.".

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Matthes, E. (2015). Python crash course: a hands-on, project-based introduction to programming. No Starch Press.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES**

After completion of the course, Student will be able to

- **CO1:** Explain the basic principles of Python programming language **K2**
- CO2: Understand and implement modular approach using python K2 & K3
- **CO3:** Implement various data structures provided by python library **K3**

CO4: Develop real-world applications using oops, files and exception handling provided by python K6

CO5: Make their code robust by handling errors and exceptions properly K3 & K4

CO/	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	P06	PSO 1	PSO	PSO	PSO
FU							1	4	3	4
CO1	S	S	М	Μ	М	М	Μ	S	Μ	М
CO2	S	S	S	Μ	S	Μ	S	S	Μ	Μ
CO3	Μ	S	S	S	S	Μ	Μ	S	Μ	S
CO4	Μ	Μ	S	S	S	S	S	Μ	Μ	8
CO5	Μ	S	S	Μ	S	S	S	Μ	S	S

#### **MAPPING OF COS WITH POS AND PSOS :**

S – Strongly Correlating

**M- Moderately Correlating**